emodeling your house is like getting fitted for a suit of clothes. Only a skilled tailor can make a suit fit you to a T, and only an experienced architect or architectural designer can create exactly the kind of space you're after. How do you find the right designer for your project, and what do you gain by working with a pro? Here are pointers from Connecticut architect. Duo Dickinson, who recently holped Daniel and Lyn Gauthier add a two-story family room/kitchen wing to their 1830s-vintage farmhoyse.

good/architect is a good listener. No amount of creative genius will get you the results you're after if the designer isn't tuned to your wavelength when you're explaining what you have in mind for your project. To Dickinson, success depends less on the quality of the design product than on the quality of the design process. "Getting a quality fit between the house and the housed," says Dickinson, "requires time, trust, and communication." Architects and their clients usually are total strangers when they begin working together. To open up the

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lines of communication, Dickinson starts the design process with open-ended preliminary drawings that prompt his clients to loosen up and react. This gives him a chance to learn more

about them before narrowing in to a specific design concept.

ood design should feel
good—to you as well
as to your architects get
carried away by their
passion for artistic expression, forgetting
that what you really
want is a home that's
warm, friendly, and
livable. Home remo-



## REMODELING ARCHITECT



ARCHITECT

BY WILLIAM L. NOLAN

delings tend to be time-intensive and require dealing with the clients' tastes, habits, and personal quirks. Most architects specialize

in commercial or institutional design projects. Those who choose remodelings as their specialty are more likely to do a good job on that type of design because houses are their first love. "Designing living spaces is not a stepping-stone for me—it's what I care about," says Dickinson.

He likens a well-designed home to poetry or music: "It resonates with meaning," he says, "even when you can't quite explain its meaning in so continued on page 92



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## REMODELING WITH AN ARCHITECT

many words. More than any other type of building, the intimate sensibilities of a home call for a depth of detail and material expression. Like fresh bread or spring water, a home can be both familiar and exhilarating."

cining a good fit is doubly challenging when you're adding new space to old. To avoid what Dickinson calls a collision between old and new, your designer has to be a firms traveler, equally at home with the architecture of the past and that of today.

After lovingly restoring their 1830svintage farmhouse, Dan and Lyn
Gauthier discovered they needed more
room for their growing family. They
asked Dickinson to create an addition
that would nearly double the home's
square footoge without changing its
character. Their wish list included a
bigger family room and kitchen, a new
moster bedroom and bath, and a secand staircase to the upper level. Dickinson's advice to the Gauthiers: "Keep

An island work area merges the kitchen with the family room. Pillars flank the island, adding a graceful transition between the two spaces.



Glass-front cupboards in the kitchen and French doers in the family room reinforce the addition's period flavor. Half-windows below the cupboards not extra light near the sink.

the existing mass pristine, and use its materials and colors for the new mass." He designed a separate two-story wing and linked it to the original structure with a new front entry. On the exterior, he borrowed the original roof pitch, window proportions, and trim, but "reinterpreted" them by mixing in other elements. The result is what Dickinson calls "invigorated federal." The Gauthiers are delighted with their new spaces. "We're almost always in the contract of the colors of the color

in the new end now," says Lyn.
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REMODELING WITH AN ARCHITECT

"I particularly enjoy being able to make dinner with the children right there."

hen you hire a pro, you're likely to discover and appreciate pleasant little surprises after the new spaces take shape. Good designers often add refineents you hadn't thought of, such as a deft manipulation of light, a comfartable sense of scale, or clever trim details that seem to make the roo Here, for example, bands of subtle color put a contemporary spin on the columns' Doric capitals, and one column rests on half-round sections of flooring that form a stair-stepped base. The spirit is unmistakably traditional, yet the treatment is anything but stuffy.

very architect operates differently, but good communication is the key to a successful remodeling. Dickinson begins by osking for a list of everything the client wants, from most to least important. Next, he asks the client to go through mogazines and select pictures they like. "That gives me a real sense of their preferences," he says. In the case of the Gauthiers, their selections told him they liked Palladian windows and columns.

Once the project gets rolling, it involves almost daily interchanges among the builder, homeowners, and



A stairwell in one carner of the addition links the family room with the master suite. Treads and flooring are red ook; the banisters are dear pine.



should be talked through."
Architects also handle day-to-day business differently, For example, when it comes to figuring fees and other compensation, Dickinson offers his clients the choice of paying an hourly rate or a flat fee that's based on a percentage of the total cost of the project. An hourly rate saves the clients money in the long run if the project is relatively easy to design and

architect. "It's a limited part-

nership," says Dickinson, "in

which everyone works with

everyone else and all reap

benefits. There are almost na

everything

assumptions:

on a percentage of the total cost of the project. An hourly rate saves the clients money in the long run if the project is relatively easy to design and they already have worked out many of the details or features themselves. A percentage fee makes move sense if the project is complex or the architect must be-gin from scratch. Some architects charge percentage frees for jobs but hourly rates

for exploratory consultation with prospective clients. Architects usually offer a wide range of services, but certain kinds may not be included because the architect isn't licensed in those areas of expertise. For example, Dickinson doesn't do surveying, soil analysis, cost estimating, or land-scope design, but he will help obtain these services from qualified sources. Like most architects, he doesn't serve as the purchasing agent for the project; if's up to you to place orders and make payments for materials. Types of services vary considerably from one architect to another, so you'll want to discuss this aspect thoroughly with each architect you interview before deciding which one to hire. #



Semicircular risers in the stairwell form a playfully casual base for the carner column, giving old forms a new spin in the added spaces.

Doric columns in the new spaces sport bends of subtle color under their capitals, lending 1990s livellness to the addition's classic federalist



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TEE HOMES AND CLARDENS, APEL 199

BETTER HOMES AND GARDENS, APRIL 1991

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